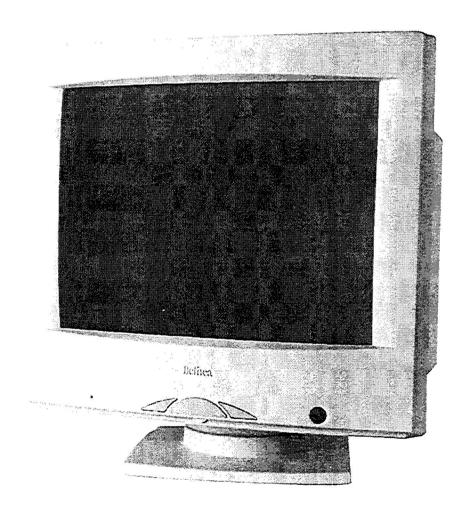
Belinea 10 60 20

Color Monitor Service Manual



"Alle Rechte vorbehalten. Dieses Service - Handbuch darf in keiner Form (Druck, Fotokopie, Mikrofilm oder anderen Verfahren) - auch nicht in Auszügen - ohne vorherige schriftliche Genehmigung des Herstellers reproduziert oder unter Verwendung elektronischer Systeme verarbeitet, vervielfältigt oder verbreitet werden."

CAUTION:

Before servicing this chassis, read the "IMPORTANT SERVICE SAFETY INFORMATION" on next page of this manual.

SPECIFICATIONS

• Picture Tube: CRT Size : 48cm (19") diagonal

Viewable Size : 45cm (17.7") max. Screen diagonal

Deflection : 90 degree deflection

Dot Pitch : 0.26mm

Phosphor : P22

• Input Signal: Video : Analog

Sync : Separate TTL level

• Scanning Frequency: Horizontal : 30 - 95 KHz

Vertical: 47 - 150 Hz

• Display Area: Horizontal : 346 ± 5 mm (STANDARD MODE)

Vertical : $260 \pm 5 \text{ mm}$

• Bandwidth: 150 MHz (nominal)

• Resolution: 1600 x 1280/75 Hz(NI)

Power Source: 100 to 240 Vac 60/50 Hz (full range)

Power Consumption: 150 W (MAX)

• Input Connector: D-15 PIN mini D-SUB

Display Color: Limited only by the VGA Card

• Front Control: Encorder with Push-on Switch, Power SW

Environment: Operating Temperature : 0°C to 40°C
 Operating Humidity : 20% to 80%

Operating Humidity : 20% to 80%

Nonoperating Temperature : -20°C to 65°C

Nonoperating Humidity : 10% to 85%

Dimensions: 500mm(W)x487mm(H)x480mm(D)(With Base)

• Weight: Approx. 20.5 Kgs(NET)

DISASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS

CABINET BACK REMOVE (Figure 3)

- 1. Remove the screws located on the back cover of the monitor bottom.
- 2. Gently slide the rear cover backwards until free of the monitor chassis.

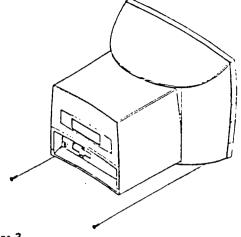


Figure 3

MAIN PCB REMOVAL (Figure 4)

- 1. Discharge the residual high voltage from the CRT Anode through a $100 \text{K}\Omega$ resister to the flyback Transformer mounting bracket.
- 2. Remove the Anode Cap from the CRT.
- 3. Remove all connectors and jacks from the Main PCB.
- Gently slide the Main PCB backwards until free of the mounting brackets. Be careful not to damage the switches and control shafts.

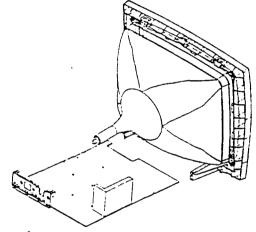


Figure 4

CRT REMOVAL (Figure 5)

- 1. Place the monitor face down on a soft surface.
- 2. Remove the CRT and place it on a soft surface.

NOTE: Do not move the deflection yoke and magnet assembly attached to the CRT neck. Handle these assembly carefully to avoid damaging them.

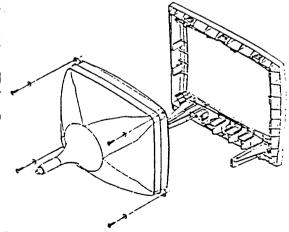


Figure 5

THEORY OF OPERATION

- 1. VIDEO AND OSD(On Screen Display) AMPLIFIER
 - U801 (MC13282) is a full feature video pre-amplifier with OSD input.
 - # Pin 8, 10, 12 is R, G, B OSD input.
 - # Pin 2, 4, 6 is R, G, B video input.
 - # Pin 22, 19, 15 is R, G, B video output.
 - # The video signal from IC output is fed into the cascode-type video power amplifier.

2. VIDEO POWER AMPLIFIER

U803 (CVA2412AX) is designed to drive a CRT. The device is used with preamplifier (U801), where the common emitter transistor is already a part of the preamplifier.

- # Pin 7, 8, 4 is cascode buffer Emitter and be connected to Q810, Q811, Q812.
- # Pin 5, 10, 2 is R, G, B power output.
- 3. DEFLECTION PROCESS AND HIGH-VOLTAGE GENERATION CIRCUIT

U401 (TDA9105) is to control all the functions related to the horizontal and vertical deflection in a multimodes monitor. It's main functions are:

- # Positive or Negative sync polarities.
- # Auto-sync horizontal processing.
- # Auto-sync vertical processing.
- # East/West signal processing block.
- # H-PLL lock/unlock identification.
- # Safety blanking output.
- # U405, U406, U407, Q437, Q438, T407, Q431, L403, Q425 are used for high-voltage generation output.
- # U403, U404, Q439, Q440, Q418, T406, Q401, Q402, T403, Q404, T401, Q403 are used for deflection generation output.
- # U402, Q419, Q420, Q421, Q422, T405 are used for dynamic focus controller.

4. VERTICAL DEFLECTION OUTPUT CIRCUIT

U301 (TDA8172) is a TV vertical deflection output circuit. It's main function are:

- # Power amplifier.
- # Flyback generator.
- # Thermal protection.

5. MONITOR ON SCREEN DISPLAY

U802 (LXC4371PL) is a micro controller unit to allow colored symbols or characters to be displayed onto color monitor. There are 8 channels for external digital to analog control.

6. MICRO-CONTROLLER

U201 (UM68P61) is an HCMOS micro-controller unit with dedicated peripherals for TV and Monitor applications. It's main function are:

- # Include Run, Wait, and Stop Modes.
- # 8Kx8 ROM, 256x8 RAM
- # Sync Processor for video timing analysis
- # Watchdog for system reliability and integrity.

12 8-bit PWM/BRM Digital to Analog outputs.

7. SWITCHING POWER SUPPLY

AC power is rectified by D102, then filtered by C107.

Power is transferred by T102 to the secondary circuit.

U102, U103 and U107 control and stabilize the output voltage.

VR101 adjusts the output voltage.

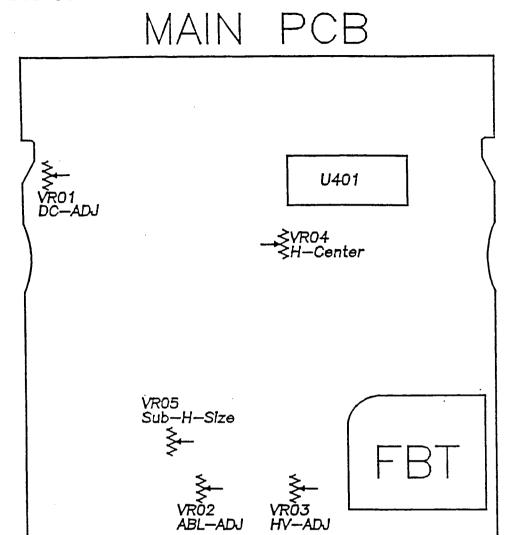
Q107 is the over voltage protector.

8. POWER FACTOR CORRECTION

U101 is a controller and driver of Q101 (MOSFET) for the implementation of active power factor correction, for sinusoidal line current consumption. It's main function are:

- # Undervoltage lock out.
- # Overvoltage protection
- # Quadrant multiplier.

LOCATION OF CONTROLS



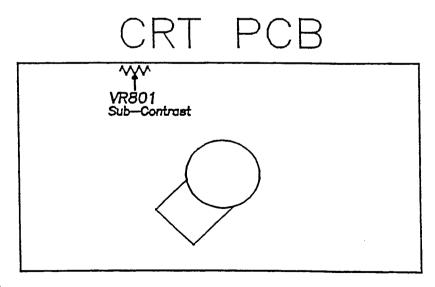


Figure 6

ELECTRICAL ADJUSTMENT

(1) BEFORE ADJUSTMENT

1. Equipment:

Video Signal Generator (Quantum Data Model 903/Chroma Model 2135) Personal Computer or VGA card Color Analyzer (MINOLTA CA-100)

- 2. Set all SVR to half (The SVR SET on central point).
- 3. AC power input: 100 to 240 Vac 60/50 Hz.
- 4. Check item: MODE 1 to MODE 10 (refer the Chapter of Display Mode and Timing chart).
- 5. Before starting adjust each item makeing sure the MODE and Timing is matched with each adjustment item.

(2) B + (205V) ADJUSTMENT (VR01)

- 1. Input voltage 110Vac to monitor.
- 2. Set Video Signal Generator to MODE 2 (31 KHz) and input to monitor.
- 3. Press and rotate the Encoder to set Contrast 🛈 and Brightness 🜣 to MIN.
- 4. Press and rotate the Encoder to select Horizontal width \(\overline{\over
- 5. Press and rotate the Encoder to adjust Horizontal width = 346 ± 5 mm.
- 6. Turn FBT screen VR to make raster = 0 FL.
- 7. Connect Digital Voltmeter between C127 negative and GND.
- 8. Adjust B+ to $205V(\pm 1V)$ by turning VR101.
- 9. Check $V_{\text{D115(N)}} = 7.2 \pm 0.3 \, V_{\text{DC}}, \, V_{\text{D113(N)}} = 14.7 \pm 0.5 \, V_{\text{DC}}, \, V_{\text{D112(N)}} = 80 \pm 1.5 \, V_{\text{DC}}, \, V_{\text{D114(P)}} = -12 \pm 0.3 \, V_{\text{DC}}.$

(3) HIGH VOLTAGE ADJUSTMENT (VR03)

- 1. Set Video Signal Generator to MODE 2 (31 KHz) and input to monitor.
- 2. Connect High Voltage Meter between Anode Cap and GND.
- 3. Press and rotate the Encoder to select Horizontal width E.
- 4. Press and rotate the Encoder to adjust Horizontal width = 300 ± 5 mm.
- 5. Set Brightness to make raster = 0 FL.
- 6. Set Contrast to MIN.
- 7. Adjust VR03 to let High voltage = 25.9 ± 0.1 KV.
- 8. Set Video Signal Generator to MODE 10 (93 KHz) and input to monitor.
- 9. /Check High voltage value in -0.3KV ~ -0.5KV.

(4) MODE 10 (93 KHz) CHECK

- 1. X-RAY test: short D435 to check X-RAY circuit (screen shut down).
- 2. Adjust VR04 let A-B = 0 ± 1 mm (See Fig 7) for rater center.

(5) DYNAMIC FOCUS CHECK

- 1. Connect Scope between FBT PIN 12 and GND.
- 2. Check Vertical Frequency Pallabola wave = 165 Vpp ± 15 Vpp.
- 3. Check Horizontal Frequency Pallabola wave = 320 Vpp ± 30 Vpp.

(6) VERTICAL SIZE ADJUSTMENT

1. Set Video Signal Generator to MODE 1 (Crosshatch Pattern) and input to monitor.

- 2. Press and rotate the Encoder to select Vertical size 🗓.
- 3. Press and rotate the Encoder to adjust Vertical size = $260 \pm 2 \text{ mm}$.

(7) VERTICAL CENTER ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Set Video Signal Generator to MODE 1 (Crosshatch Pattern) and input to monitor.
- Press and rotate the Encoder to select Vertical center 🖹.
- 3. Press and rotate the Encoder to adjust Vertical center ≤ 2 mm. (See Fig 7, $|E-F| \leq 2$ mm)

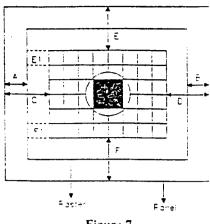


Figure 7

(8) HORIZONTAL SIZE ADJUSTMENT

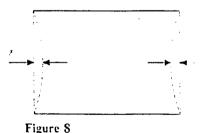
- 1. Set Video Signal Generator to MODE 1 and input to monitor.
- Press and rotate the Encoder to select Horizontal size \B.
- Press and rotate the Encoder to adjust Horizontal size = 346 ± 3 mm.

(9) HORIZONTAL CENTER ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Set Video Signal Generator to MODE 1 and input to monitor. (Mode may be changed 1 to 10 in sequence)
- Press and rotate the Encoder to select Horizontal center .
- Press and rotate the Encoder to adjust Horizontal center ≤ 2 mm. (See Fig 7, | C- $D \mid \leq 2 \text{ mm}$

PINCUSHION ADJUSTMENT (10)

- Set Video Signal Generator to MODE 1 (Crosshatch Pattern) and input to monitor. (Mode may be changed 1 to 10 in sequence)
- Press and rotate the Encoder to select Pincushion \square .
- Press and rotate the Encoder to let $X \le 2.0$ mm (See Fig 8).



TRAPEZOID ADJUSTMENT (11)

- Set Video Signal Generator to MODE 1 (Crosshatch 1. Pattern) and input to monitor. (Mode may be changed 1 to 10 in sequence)
- 2. Press and rotate the Encoder to select Trapezoid \triangle .
- Press and rotate the Encoder to let $Y \le 2.0 \text{ mm}$ (See 3. Fig 9).

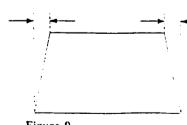


Figure 9

BALANCE ADJUSTMENT (12)

- Set Video Signal Generator to MODE 1 (Crosshatch Pattern) and input to monitor. (Mode may be changed 1 to 10 in sequence)
- 2. Press and rotate the Encoder to select Balance □.
- 3. Press and rotate the Encoder to let P-B \leq 1.5 mm. (See Fig 10).

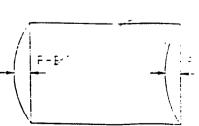


Figure 10

(13) PARALLEL ADJUSTMENT

- Set Video Signal Generator to MODE 1 (Crosshatch Pattern) and input to monitor. (Mode may be changed 1 to 10 in sequence)
- 2. Press and rotate the Encoder to select Parallel \square .
- 3. Press and rotate the Encoder to let P-R \leq 1.5 mm. (See Fig 11).

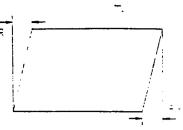


Figure 11

(14) ROTATION(TILT) ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Set Video Signal Generator to MODE 1 (Crosshatch Pattern) and input to monitor. (Mode may be changed 1 to 10 in sequence)
- 2. Press and rotate the Encoder to select Rotation .
- 3. Press and rotate the Encoder to let Rotation \leq 1.5 mm.

(15) MOIRE ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Set Video Signal Generator to MODE 1 (Crosshatch Pattern) and input to monitor. (Mode may be changed 1 to 10 in sequence)
- 2. Press and rotate the Encoder to select Moire 2.
- 3. Press and rotate the Encoder to let video Moire is best.

(16) OSD ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Press and rotate the Encoder to select OSD position ...
- 2. Press and rotate the Encoder to let OSD position in the picture center.

(17) SAVE FUNCTION

- 1. The monitor provides auto save function to save item(6) ~ (16) settings change. The auto save function acts when
 - i. Mode and adjustment change immediately.
 - ii. Mode persists and function adjustment changes at 10 seconds later.
- 2. FOR TECHNICIAN ONLY: The monitor provides another save methode to save settings into factory standard area of EEPROM for technician only.
 - Factory standard area of EEPROM has stored the factory settings for user recall.
 - ii. If it is necessary to change the EEPROM factory standard area's setting, press and otate the Encoder to select (Information of the mode), then simultaneous press The Standby Power key and the Encoder 2 seconds. All symbols of the OSD windows changes color.
 - मां The "new icon" function means as following:
 - 1) Contrast = H-Linearity Adjust
 - 2) 🌣 Brightness = H-Dynamic Focus Adjust
 - 3) 🗗 V-size = R-cutoff Adjust
 - 4) 🗗 V-center = G-cutoff Adjust
 - 5) \square H-width = B-cutoff Adjust
 - 6) 🕮 H-phase = R-gain Adjust
 - 7) ☐ Pincushion = B-gain Adjust
 - 8) \triangle Trapezoid = 9300°K Save
 - 9) ☐ Balance = 6500°K Save

- 10) ☐ Parallel = Save All
- 11) TRotation = Recall All
- 12) Moire = Use's Mode Erase
- 13) A Degaussing = Relay Test
- 14) E Recall = Check List
- (18) REPEAT ITEM (6) TO (16) AND CHANGE MODE 1 TO 10 IN SEQUENCE
- (19) H-LINEARITY ADJUSTMENT
 - Set Video Signal Generator to MODE 1 (Crosshatch Pattern) and input to monitor. (Mode may be changed 1 to 10 in sequence)
 - 2. Press and rotate the Encoder to select H-Linearity.
 - 3. Press and rotate the Encoder to adjust H-Linearity is best. (See Fig 12).

$$L = A_{max} - A_{min} / A_{av} \le 7 \%$$

 $A_{av} = A_1 + A_2 + \dots A_n / n$

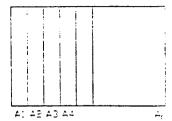


Figure 12

- (20) H-DYNAMIC FOCUS ADJUSTMENT
 - 1. Set Video Signal Generator to MODE 1 (Crosshatch Pattern) and input to monitor. (Mode may be changed 1 to 10 in sequence)
 - 2. Press and rotate the Encoder to select H-Dynamic Focus.
- (21) RASTER WHITE BALANCE (RASTER COLOR TEMPERATURE) ADJUSTMENT
 - 1. Set Video Signal Generator to MODE 7 (60 KHz Raster Pattern) and input to monitor.
 - 2. Press and rotate the Encoder to select Degussing \Re .
 - 3. Press the Encoder to correct display distortion or discoloration due to magnetic field interference.
 - 4. Press and rotate the Encoder to set Contrast 3 and Brightness 5 to MIN.
 - 5. Adjust the Screen VR of FBT until the raster can be visible.
 - 6. Check the pictur showing what king color is.
 - 7. Adjust the R-cutoff, G-cutoff and B-cutoff without showing the color on the picture until the color analyzer appear:

$$x=0.281 \pm 5 \%$$
 (For 9300°K)
 $y=0.311 \pm 5 \%$

- 8. Adjust the Screen VR of FBT to let raster = 1.0 ~ 1.2 FL.
- 9. Check the raster keep in range 1.0 ~ 1.4 FL. When adjust raster color temperature.
- 10. Check Item 5. ~ 8. again.
- (22) WHITE BALANCE (COLOR TEMPERATURE) ADJUSTMENT
 - 1. Set Video Signal Generator to MODE 7 (60 KHz Bright Pattern) and input to monitor.
 - 2. Set the Contrast $Y = 20 \sim 25$ FL.
 - 3. Set the Brightness to cutoff.
 - 4. Press and rotate the Encoder to select R-gain and G-gain.
 - 5. Adjust the Encoder until the color analyzer appear:

$$x = 0.281 \pm 5 \%$$

 $y = 0.311 \pm 5 \%$

- 6. Set the Contrast to MAX and check the color temperature. If color temperature over the specification, repeat steps 2. ~ 11.
- 7. Press and rotate the Encoder to select 9300°K Save.
- 8. Repeat Item (21), (22) steps.
- 9. Adjust the R/G/B-cutoff and R/G-gain until the Color Analyzer appear:

 $x = 0.313 \pm 5 \% (FOR 6500°K)$

 $y = 0.329 \pm 5 \%$

10. Press and rotate the Encoder to select 6500°K Save.

(23) BRIGHTNESS ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Set Video Signal Generator to MODE 2 (31 KHz Raster Pattern) and input to monitor.
- 2. Make sure video input = $0.7 V_{P.P.}$
- 3. Set the Contrast to MIN and the Brightness to Max.
- 4. Check raster = 1.0 1.4 FL by adjust FBT screen VR).
- 5. Press and rotate the Encoder to select Brightness and let raster = 1.0 ± 0.05 FL.
- 6. Set to full white pattern, check CRT center picture = $1.5 \sim 3$ FL.
- 7. Set Contrast to Max.
- 8. Set 1-MOSAIC(3") pattern.
- 9. Adjust VR601(sub-contrast) let CRT center block keep in range 50~60 FL. Factory sets 55 FL.
- 10. Set Video Signal Generator to High level input(0.90 V_{P-P})
- 11. Check the screen.

(24) ABL ADJUSTMENT(VR02)

- Set Video Signal Generator to MODE 2 (31 KHz Full White Pattern) and input to monitor.
- 2. Make sure video input = $0.7 V_{P.P.}$
- 3. Adjust VR404(clockwise) let picture center = 30 FL (30 \pm 5 FL).
- 4. Check the picture around lights up to 70%.

(25) FOCUS ADJUSTMENT

- 1 Set Video Signal Generator to MODE 10 (93K White Pattern) and input to monitor.
- 2 Press and rotate the Encoder to set Brightness to MIN make raster = 0 FL.
- 3 Set Contrast $Y = 20 \sim 25$ FL.
- 4. Change Video Signal Generator to MODE 10 (93K "H" Pattern)
- 5. Adjust FBT FOCUS VR to make the CRT display clear.

(26) CONVERGENCY ADJUSTMENT

- Set Video Signal Generator to MODE 2 (31 KHz Purple Crosshatch Pattern) and input to monitor.
- 2. Check red and blue color of picture center is overlap or not. If it is not overlap, adjust 4 magnetic pole of CRT YOKE.
- 3. Set Video Signal Generator to MODE 2 (31 KHz White Crosshatch Pattern) and input to monitor.
- 4. Check red, green and blue color of picture center is overlap or not. If it is not overlap, adjust 6 magnetic pole of CRT YOKE.

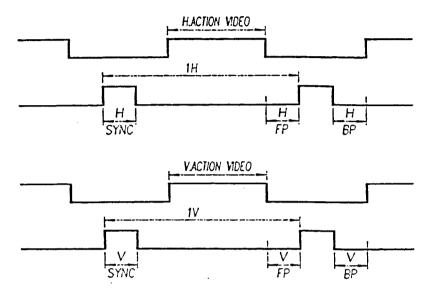
5. Fasten and glue magnetic pole tight, if you adjust it.

(27) POWER SAVING CHECK

- 1. Equipment: Video Signal Generator
 - i. Quantum Data Model 901
 - ii. Chroma Model 2135
- 2. Set Stand-by, Suspend and Off states into equipment as following.
 - i. Stand-by state \Rightarrow H-sync \leq 10K Hz
 - ii. Suspend state ⇒ V-sync ≤ 10 Hz
 - iii. Off state \Rightarrow H-sync \leq 10K Hz and V-sync \leq 10 Hz
- 3. AC power input: 100 to 240 Vac 60/50 Hz.
- 4. Set Video Signal Generator(Chroma 2135) to Stand-by and input to monitor. Check power consumption below 15W in 5 seconds.
- 5. Set Chroma 2135 to MODE 2 and check the display is normal in 3 seconds.
- 6. Set Chroma 2135 to Suspend and check power consumption below 15W in 5 seconds.
- 7. Set Chroma 2135 to MODE 2 and check the display is normal in 3 seconds.
- 8. Set Chroma 2135 to Off and check power consumption below 5W in 5 seconds.
- 9. Set Chroma 2135 to MODE 2 and check the display is normal.

DISPLAY MODE & TIMING CHART

This monitor provides 13 preset modes for match normal display card and 12 user's modes for special display card. As below chart and table are showing the detail value of preset mode. Please service technician accords table to set video signal generator for input/test/adjust the monitor.



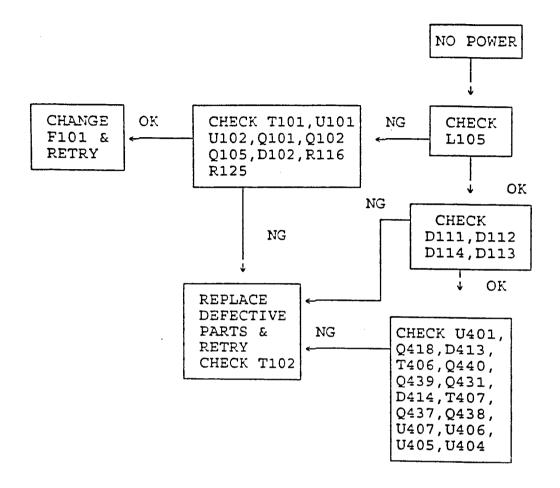
Standard	IBM/VGA	4	IBM/VG	A	VESA		VESA	
Compatibility	MODE 1		MODE	2	MODE 3		MODE 4	
Resolution	640x400		640×48	30	640x480 640x4		80	
H. Polarity				_				
H. Frequency	31.469 H	кНz	31.469	kHz	37.500	kHz	43.269	kHz
H. Front Porch	0.636	μs	0.318	μs	0.508	μs	1.556	μs
H. Sync	3.813	μs	3.813	μs	2.032	μs	1.556	μs
H. Back Porch	1.907	μs	1.589	μs	3.810	μs	2.222	μs
H. Action Video	25.422	μs	25.422	μs	20.317	μs	17.778	μs
V. Polarity	+				-			
😿. Frequency	70.086	Hz	59.940	Hz	75.000	Hz	75.000	Hz
V. Front Porch	0.381	ms	0.064	ms	0.027	ms	0.023	ms
V. Sync	0.064	ms	0.064	ms	0.080	ms	0.069	ms
V. Back Porch	1.112	ms	0.794	ms	0.427	ms	0.578	ms
V. Action Video	12.711	ms	15.571	ms	12.800	ms	11.093	ms

Standard	VESA	VESA	VESA	VESA	
Compatibility	MODE 5	ODE 5 MODE 6		MODE 8	
Resolution	800×600	800x600	1024×768	1024x768	
H. Polarity	+	+	+	+	
H. Frequency	46.875 kHz	53.674 kHz	60.000 kHz	68.677 kHz	
H. Front Porch	0.323 <i>μ</i> s	0.569 μs	0.203 μs	0.508 <i>μ</i> s	
H. Sync	1.616 <i>μ</i> s	1.138 <i>μ</i> s	1.219 μs	1.106 μs	
H. Back Porch	3.232 <i>μ</i> s	2.702 μs	2.235 μs	2.201 μs	
H. Action Video	16.162 <i>μ</i> s	14.222 μs	13.003 μs	10.836 <i>μ</i> s	
V. Polarity	-	+	+	+	
V. Frequency	75.000 Hz	85.061 Hz	75.029 Hz	84.997 Hz	
V. Front Porch	0.021 ms	0.019 ms	0.017 ms	0.015 ms	
V. Sync	0.064 ms	0.056 ms	0.050 ms	0.044 ms	
V. Back Porch	0.448 ms	0.503 ms	0.466 ms	0.524 ms	
V. Action Video	12.800 ms	11.179 ms	12.795 ms	11.183 ms	

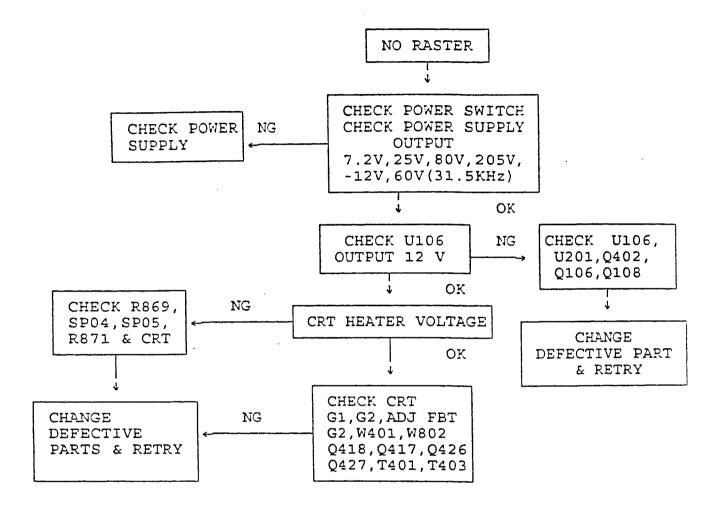
Standard	VESA V		VESA	VESA	
Compatibility	MODE 9		MODE 10		
Resolution	1280x10	1280x1024 1280x102		024	
H. Polarity	• +		_ +		
H. Frequency	79.976	kHz	93.750	kHz	
H. Front Porch	0.119	μs	0.316	μs	
H. Sync	1.067	μs	0.948	μs	
H. Back Porch	1.837	μs	1.501	μs	
H. Action Video	9.481	μs	7.901	μs	
V. Polarity	+		+		
V. Frequency	75.025	Hz	75.000	Hz	
V. Front Porch	0.013	ms	0.010	ms	
V. Sync	0.038	ms	0.032	ms	
V. Back Porch	0.475	ms	0.491	ms	
V. Action Video	12.804	ms	12.800	ms	

TROUBLESHOOTING

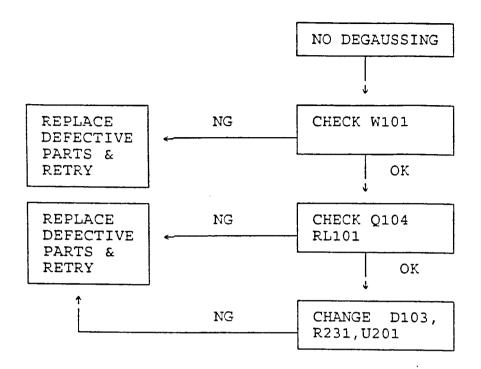
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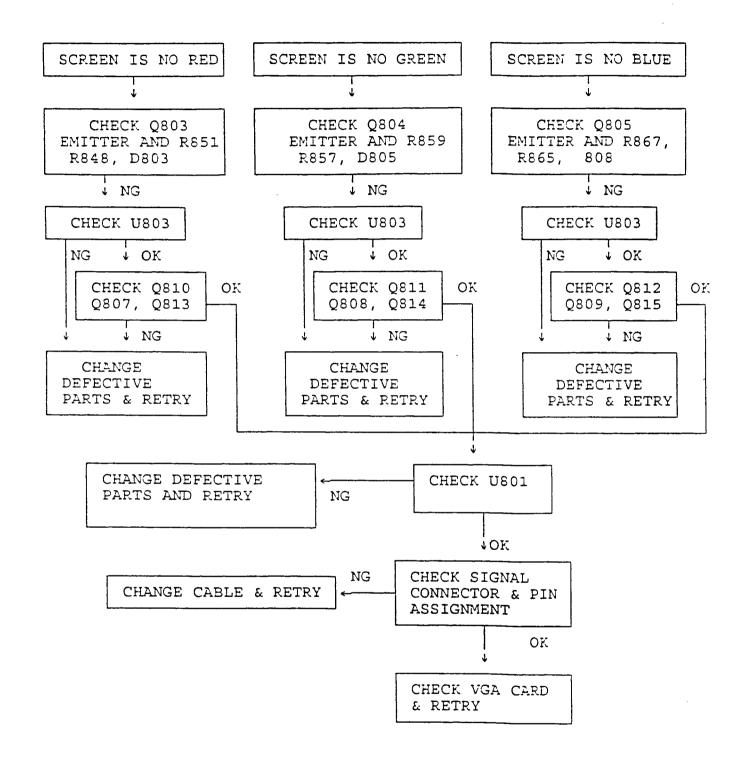
3. NO RASTER



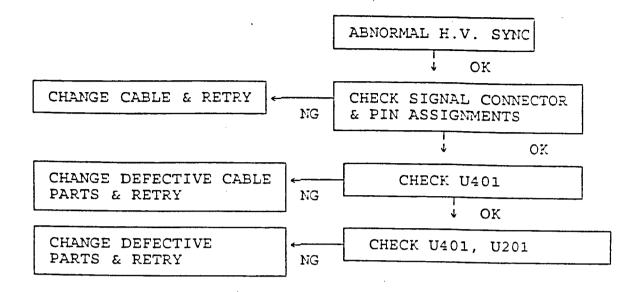
2. NO DEGAUSSING



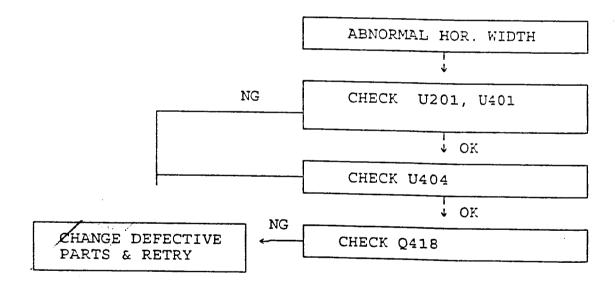
4. PICTURE OR COLOR MISSING



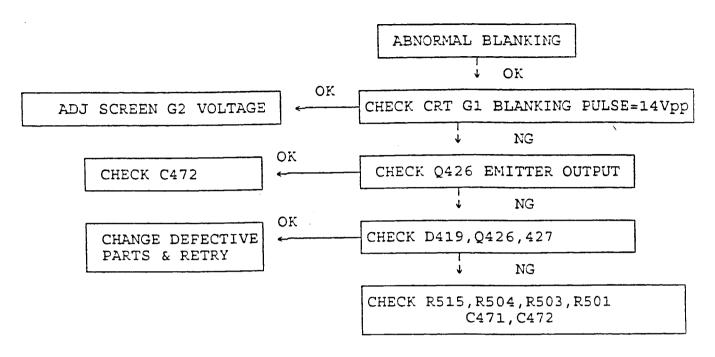
5. H.V. SYNC IS ABNORMAL



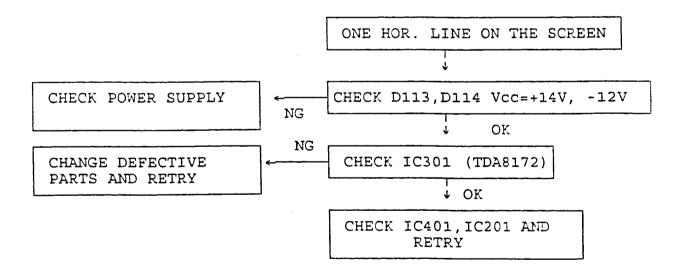
6. HOR. WIDTH CAN NOT ADJUST



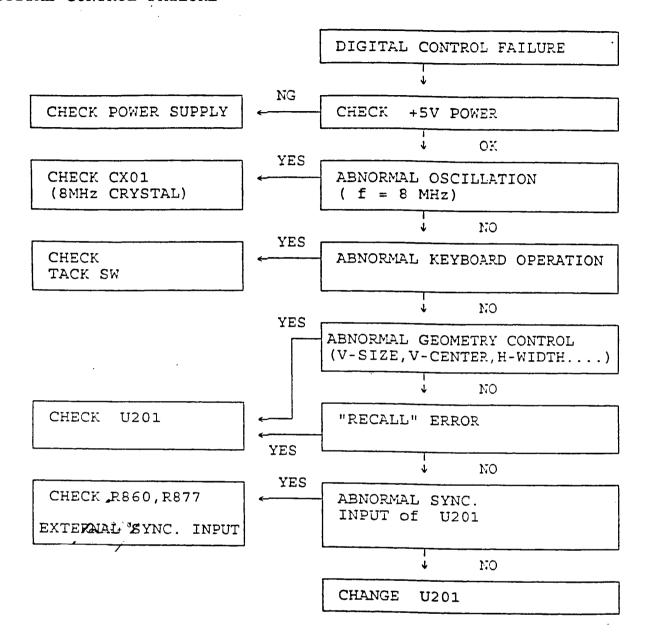
7. ABNORMAL BLANKING



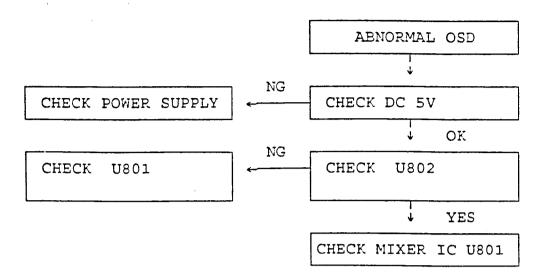
8. NO VERTICAL SCAN OR VERTICAL SIZE CAN NOT ADJUST



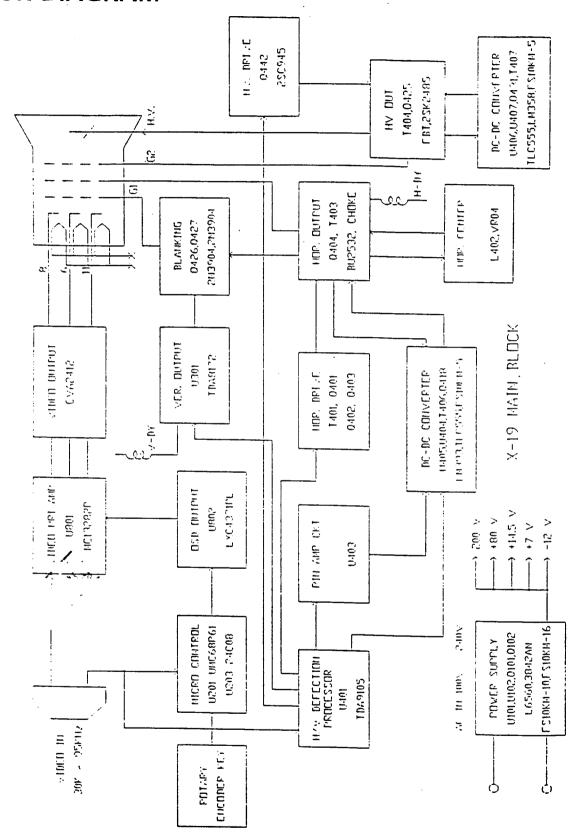
9. DIGITAL CONTROL FAILURE



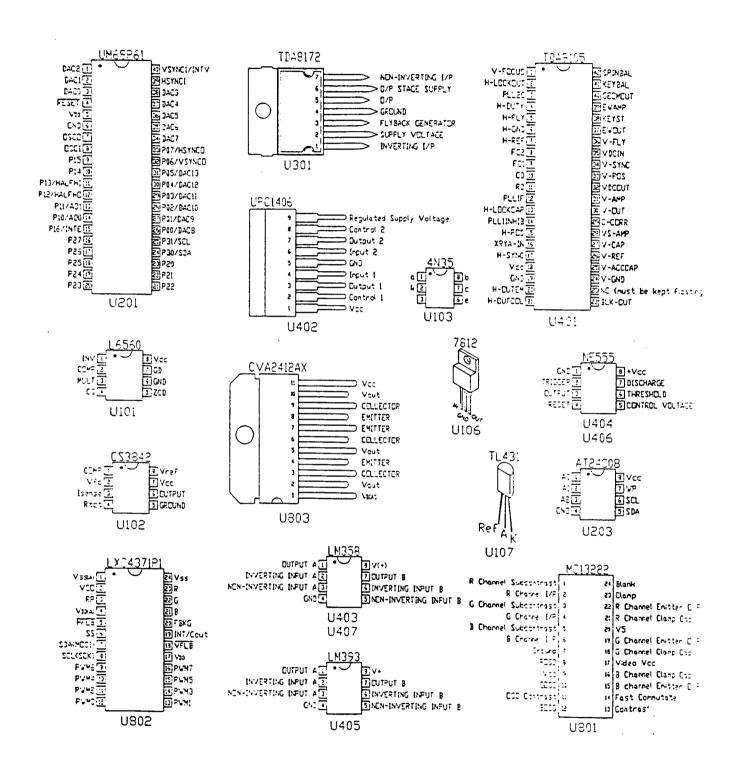
10. ABNORMAL OSD

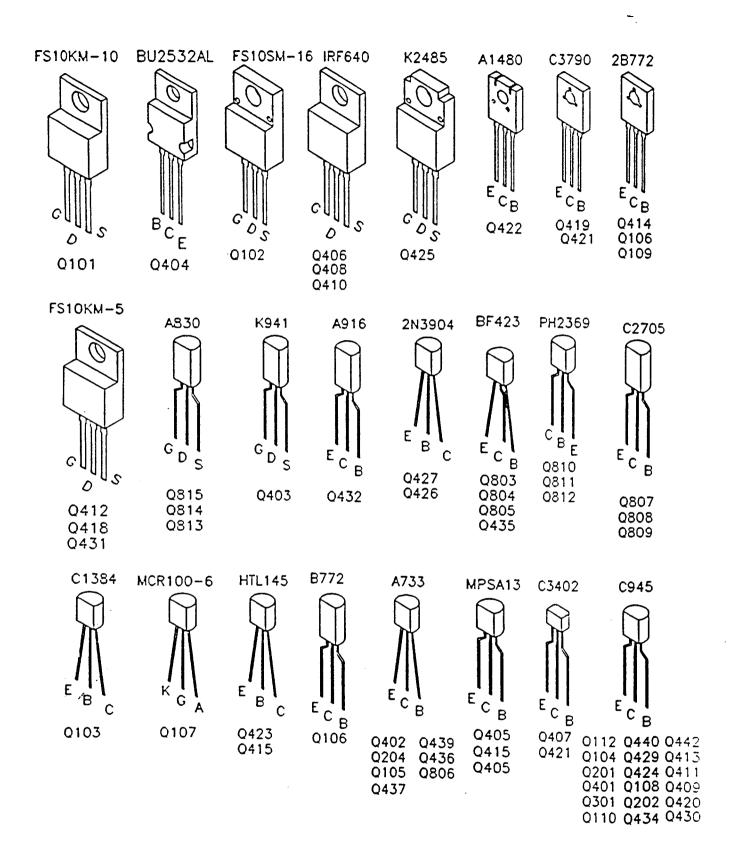


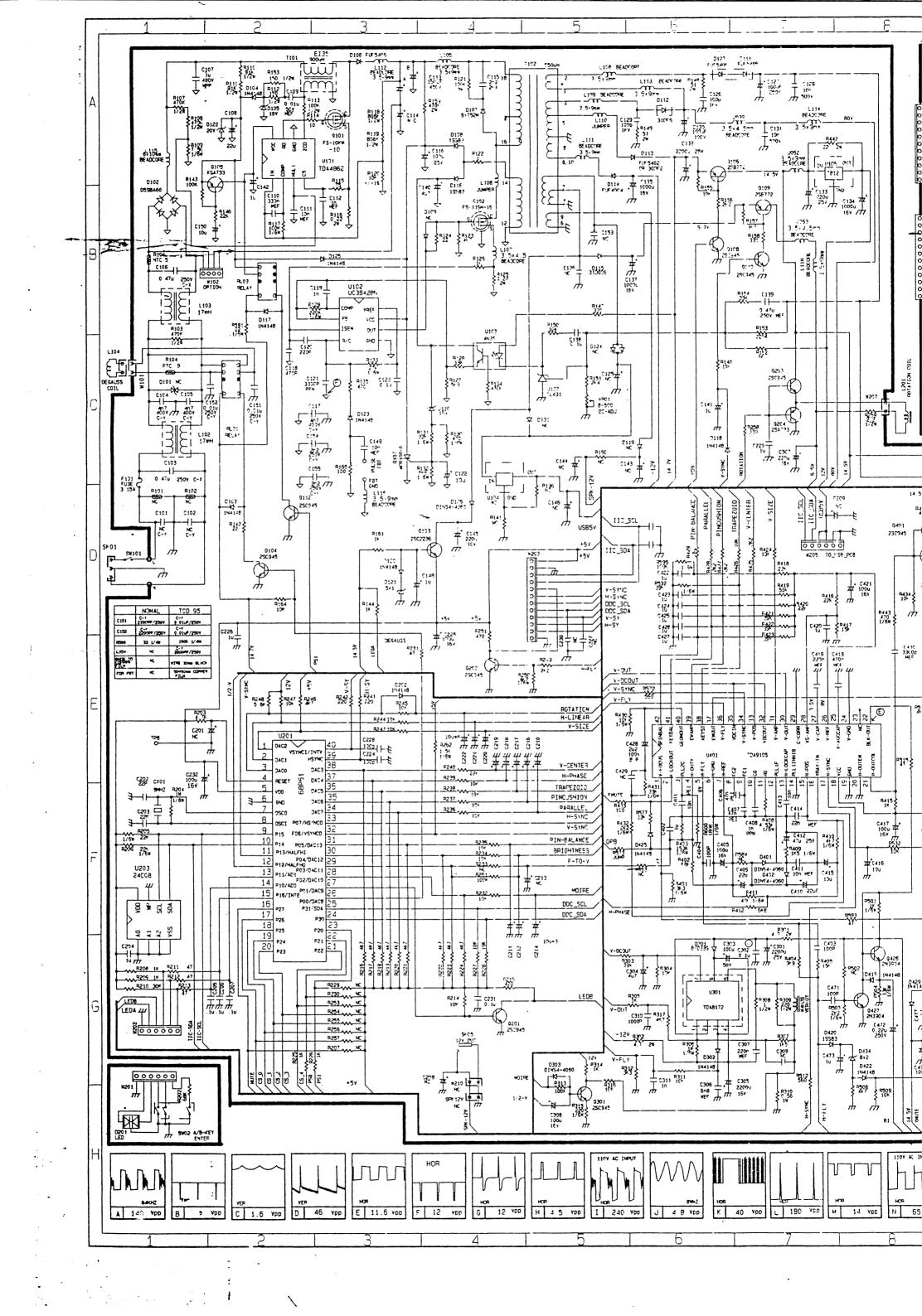
BLOCK DIAGRAM

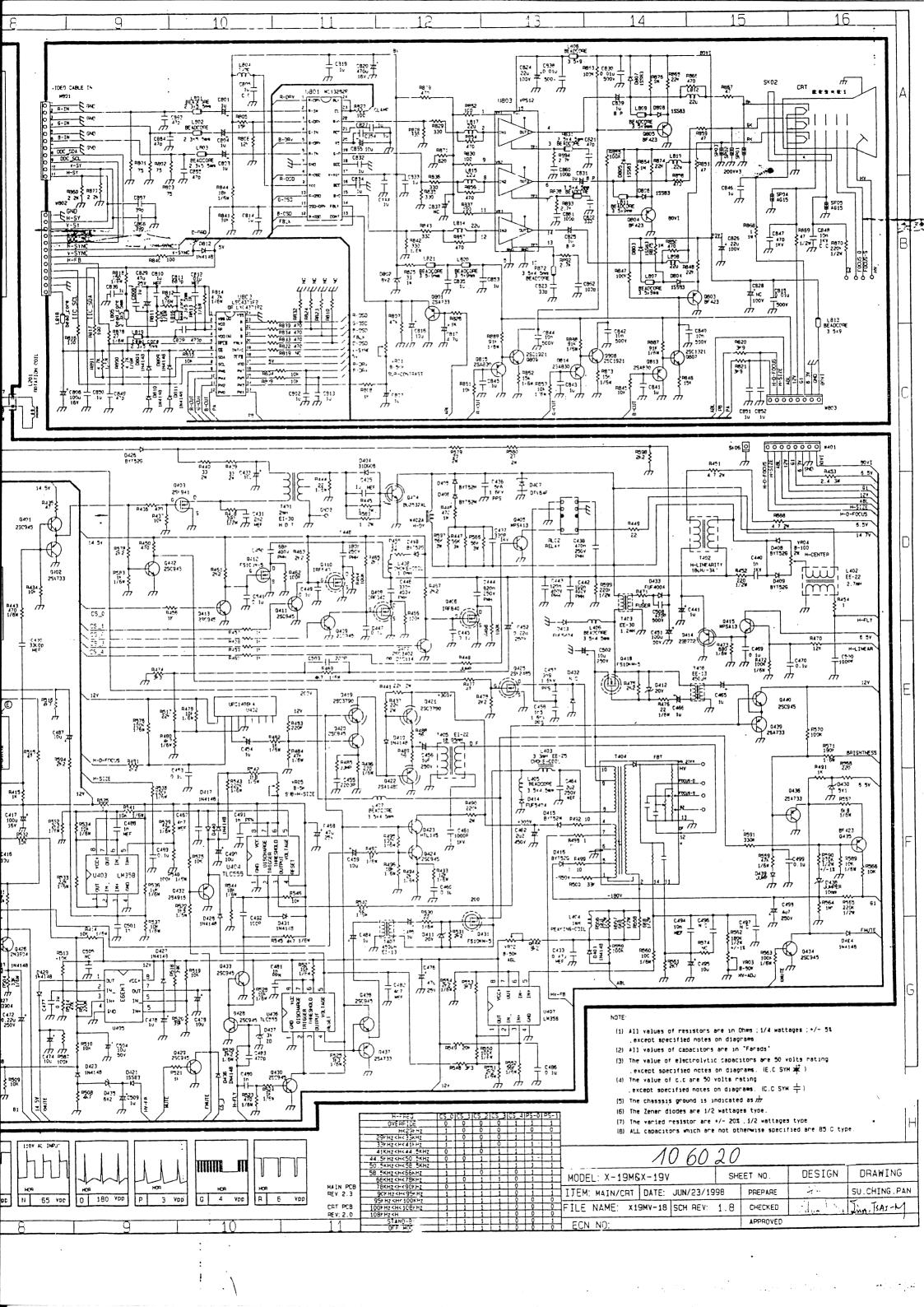


IC/TRANSISTOR BLOCK DIAGRAMS









MPORTANT SERVICE SAFETY INFORMATION

peration of monitor outside of cabinet or with back removed involves a hock hazard. Work on these models should only be performed by those tho are thoroughly familiar with precautions necessary when working n high voltage equipment.

Exercise care when servicing this chassis with power applied. Many B clus and high voltage RF terminals are exposed which, if carelessly ontacted, can cause serious shock or result in damage to the chassis. Jaintain interconnecting ground lead connections between chassis and scutcheon picture tube dag when operating chassis.

This monitor has a "polarized" AC line cord. The AC plug is designed to it into standard AC outlets in one direction only. The wide blade connects the "ground side" and the narrow blade connects to the "hot side" of the AC line. This assures that the monitor is properly grounded the house wiring. If an extension cord must be used, make sure it is of he "polarized" type.

Since the chassis of this monitor is connected to one side of the AC supply during operation, service should not be attempted by anyone not lamiliar with the precautions necessary when working on this type of equipment.

en it is necessary to make measurements or tests with AC power applied to the monitor chassis, an Isolation Transformer must be used as a safety precaution and to prevent possible damaged transistors. The Isolation Transformer should be connected between the signal cord plug and the AC power outlet.

Certain HV failures can increase X-ray radiation. Monitors should not be operated with HV levels exceeding the specified rating for their chassis type. The maximum operating HV specified for the chassis used in these monitors is $24kv \pm 1.0kv$ at zero beam current with a line voltage of 110V(220V) AC. Higher voltage may also increase possibility of failure in HV supply.

It is important to maintain specified values of all components in the horizontal and high voltage circuits and anywhere else in the monitor that could cause a rise in high voltage, or operating supply voltages, No changes should be made to the original design of the monitor.

Components shown in the shaded areas on the schematic diagram and/or identified by \triangle in the replacement parts list should be replaced only with the fractory recommended replacement parts. The use of unauthorized placement parts may create a shock, fire, X-radiation, or other hazard.

To determine the presence of high voltage, use an accurate, high impedance, HV meter connected between second anode lead and the CRT dag grounding device. When servicing the High Voltage System remove static charge from it by connecting 10K ohm resistor in series with an insulated wire (such as a test probe) between picture tube dag and 2nd anode lead (AC line cord disconnected from AC supply).

The picture tube used in this monitor employs integral impulsion protection. Replace with tube of the same type number for continued safety. Do not lift picture tube by the neck. Handle the picture tube only when wearing shatterproof goggles and after discharging the high voltage completely. Keep others without shatterproof goggles away.

Before returning the monitor to the user, perform the following safety checks:

- Inspect all lead dress to make certain thay are not pinched or lodged between the chassis and other metal parts in the monitor.
- 2. Replace all protective devices such as non-metallic control knobs,

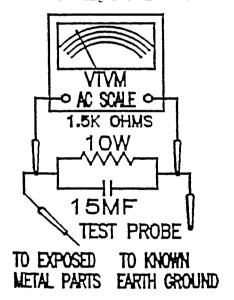
insulating fish-papers, cabinet backs, adjustment and comparament covers or shields, isolation resistor capacitor networks, mechanical insulators, etc.

3. To be sure that no shock hazard exists, a check for the presence of leakage current should be made at each exposed metal part having a return path to the chassis (cabinet metal, screw heads, knobs and/or shafts, escutcheon, etc.) in the following manner.

Plug the AC line cord directly into a 110V(220V) AC receptable (Do not use an Isolation Transformer during these checks.) All checks must be repeated with the AC line cord plug connection reversed. (If necessary, a non-polarized adapter plug must be used only for the purpose of completing these checks.)

If available, measure current using an accurate leakage current tester. Any reading of 0.35 MA or more is excessive and indicates a potential shock hazard which must be corrected before returning the monitor to the owner.

If a reliable leakage current tester is not available, this alternate method of measurement should be used. Using two clip leads, connect a 1500 ohm, 10 watt resistor paralleled by a 0.15 μ F capacitor in series with a known earth ground, such as a water pipe or conduit and the metal part to be checked. Use a VTVM or VON with 1000 ohms per volt, or higher, sensitivity to measure this AC voltage drop across the resistor. Any reading of 0.35 volt RMS or more is excessive and indicates a potential shock hazard which mus be corrected before returning the monitor to the owner.



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EXPLODED VIEW/PARTS LIST

